tion to his compensation, his actual expenses incurred in serving process of the court from the city treasury, such section fixing the maximum thereof at \$40.00 per month, such bailiff is not entitled to receive from the county treasury, expenses incurred in serving process of such court in state cases.

2. Inasmuch as, under the provisions of section 1579-630, General Code, every police officer of the City of Lorain is ex-officio a deputy bailiff of the Municipal Court of Lorain, such police officers being wholly salaried minor court officers are, as provided by Section 3017, General Code, entitled to receive in state cases from the county treasury the actual necessary expenses incurred by them in executing warrants to arrest, orders of commitment or other process. In like manner such expenses incurred by such officers shall be paid from the municipal treasury, when incurred in ordinance cases."

In view of the above and without unduly extending this discussion, it is my opinion in specific answer to your question that a chief of police in the execution of writs in criminal cases involving the violation of state statutes is not a wholly salaried minor court officer and therefore not entitled to his expenses under the provisions of Section 3017, General Code.

Respectfully,

JOHN W. BRICKER,

Attorney General.

4300.

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APPROVAL, BONDS OF MAD RIVER RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, MONT-GOMERY COUNTY, OHIO, \$25,000.00.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, May 29, 1935.

Industrial Commission of Ohio, Columbus, Ohio.

4301.

APPROVAL, BONDS OF CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO, \$100,000.00.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, May 29, 1935.

Industrial Commission of Ohio, Columbus, Ohio.