

2815.

APPROVAL, CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT TO ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION, THE LUMBERMAN'S MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF MANSFIELD, OHIO.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, January 24, 1922.

HON. HARVEY C. SMITH, *Secretary of State, Columbus, Ohio.*

DEAR SIR:—The certificate of amendment to the articles of incorporation of the Lumbermen's Mutual Insurance Company, of Mansfield, Ohio, is herewith returned to you with my approval endorsed thereon.

I am also returning herewith the copy of the original articles of incorporation of the company.

Respectfully,
JOHN G. PRICE,
Attorney-General.

2816.

BOARD OF EDUCATION—NOT AUTHORIZED TO PROVIDE ACCIDENT INSURANCE AGAINST PERSONAL INJURY TO PUPILS OF SCHOOLS
SEE SECTION 7620 G. C.

Section 7620 G. C. does not authorize boards of education to provide accident insurance covering indemnity against personal accident or injury to the pupils of the schools under their jurisdiction.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, January 24, 1922.

HON. VERNON M. RIEGEL, *Superintendent of Public Instruction, as Director of Education, Columbus, Ohio.*

DEAR SIR:—Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of recent date reading as follows:

“Your opinion is requested on the following point:

“May a board of education expend money for the purchase of transportation liability covering school vans or similar conveyances used for the transportation of children to and from school?”

Answer to the question submitted by your inquiry has been delayed pursuant to a request by this department for additional information relative to the nature of the transportation liability contemplated. From recent conference however, with Mr. W. B. Bliss of your department, it has been ascertained that the transportation liability indicated is accident insurance, covering indemnity against accident or injury to pupils being transported to and from school in vans or similar conveyances employed by the board of education for that purpose.

In the first instance it may be stated there is no special statute of the General Code, authorizing the exercise by a board of education of such a power, and it is concluded if the same exists it must be found from an implied construction given those provisions of law conferring upon boards of education the powers to contract