

said that there is no authority for council to provide a board to succeed in any manner the board created to construct such hospital. That board must necessarily function until its duties are completed. Of course, the members of such a board may have unexpired terms at the time of the completion of the hospital, but when the duties are completed, the terms would automatically expire. While it would seem that council would have no authority to appoint a commission or create a managing board which would in any wise perform the functions of the building commission, I see no objection to the creation of such a board before the building is fully completed. In other words, if the building has reached such a state of completion as to enable it to be used for hospital purposes, there appears to be no valid reason why the managing heads could not be provided for and function prior to its actual completion.

It is believed that your sixth question relative to whether or not council may authorize a board of hospital commissioners created for the purpose of operating a hospital, to employ a superintendent and fix his compensation, must be answered in the negative for the reason that Section 4219, supra, seems to clearly imply that council shall fix the compensation. If the compensation were to be fixed by the board, clearly such action would be a violation of the provisions of Section 4219, General Code.

Respectfully,

GILBERT BETTMAN,
Attorney General.

1026.

APPROVAL, BONDS OF VILLAGE OF LONDON, MADISON COUNTY—
\$20,690.00.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15, 1929.

Industrial Commission of Ohio, Columbus, Ohio.

1027.

APPROVAL, BONDS OF LUCAS COUNTY—\$8,620.00.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15, 1929.

Retirement Board, State Teachers Retirement System, Columbus, Ohio.

1028.

APPROVAL, BONDS OF LUCAS COUNTY—\$20,190.00.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15, 1929.

Retirement Board, State Teachers Retirement System, Columbus, Ohio.