

Having reached this conclusion, it is obvious that your two inquiries are covered by section 13424-6, supra, which provides that the jurors shall be entitled to the same mileage and fees as in criminal cases in the Court of Common Pleas and which shall be paid from the county treasury upon the certificate of the court.

A more specific answer to your inquiries may not be given in view of the provisions of section 11419-43, General Code, which section refers to the fees and compensation of jurors in a Common Pleas Court. This section reads in part as follows:

“* * * the compensation of each juror shall be fixed by order of the common pleas judge or judges of the county, not to exceed five dollars for each day's attendance, and in addition thereto, said juror shall be allowed three cents a mile for each mile travelled by said juror by the nearest route from said juror's place of residence to the county seat and return to home once per week, payable out of the county treasury.”

It is therefore my opinion, in specific answer to your inquiries, that where a person is tried before a justice of the peace for an offense of which the justice of peace has final jurisdiction and the accused demands a jury trial under the provisions of section 13443, General Code, the jurors are entitled to the same mileage and fees as in criminal cases in a Court of Common Pleas, which are payable from the county treasury.

Respectfully,

JOHN W. BRICKER,
Attorney General.

3020.

APPROVAL, NOTES OF UNION RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, CLERMONT COUNTY, OHIO—\$4,006.00.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, August 10, 1934.

Retirement Board, State Teachers Retirement System, Columbus, Ohio.

3021.

APPROVAL, BONDS OF EUCLID CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO—\$10,000.00.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, August 10, 1934.

Retirement Board, State Teachers Retirement System, Columbus, Ohio.