

Coming now to a consideration of your second question it is my opinion that the definition of the word "continue" as used in Section 7874, General Code, is dispositive of the question. The word "continue" when used as an intransitive verb, is defined by Webster, as follows:

"To remain in a given place or condition; to remain in connection; to abide; to be permanent or durable; to endure, to last, to keep up or maintain a particular condition, course or series of actions."

In the light of this definition it seems clear that the phrase "continue at least four days" as used in Section 7874, General Code, means that the four days must be four consecutive days. This conclusion is strengthened by the fact that in Section 7869, General Code, where authority is given to county boards of education to decide the length of time of holding county institutes the expression is used "may remain in session, in no case for a longer period than five days." Again it is said that at least one day of such *session* shall be under the immediate direction of the county superintendent. The use of the phrase "remain in session" in the one sentence, and the use of the word "session" in the other sentence clearly leads to the conclusion that the five days spoken of in the statute shall be taken to be five consecutive days.

In conclusion, therefore, and in specific answer to your question, it is my opinion that county teachers' institutes when held must be held for not more than five consecutive days nor less than four consecutive days.

Respectfully,

EDWARD C. TURNER,

Attorney General.

2893.

APPROVAL, BONDS OF THE VILLAGE OF LYNDHURST, CUYAHOGA COUNTY—\$72,600.00.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, November 17, 1928.

Retirement Board, State Teachers Retirement System, Columbus, Ohio.

2894.

ESTATE—MONEYS OF PERSONS DYING IN HOSPITAL—TO WHOM PAYABLE.

SYLLABUS:

The authorities of the University Hospital are not authorized to pay over moneys in their possession belonging to the estate of a deceased person to any person other than the duly appointed and qualified administrator or executor of the estate of such deceased person.