

without the county, and in that respect is hereby clothed with the powers and authority of sheriffs. He may make arrests without warrant upon reasonable information or upon view of the violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, detain the person so arrested pending the issuance of a warrant, and perform such other duties, incident to their offices, as the judge directs. All sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, constables, marshals and police officers shall render assistance to probation officers, in the performance of their duties, when requested so to do."

Under Section 1663, of the General Code, probation officers appointed by the judge of the juvenile court are special officers, having powers similar to sheriffs and police officers. They have the right to serve warrants and other processes of the court, make arrests without a warrant upon reasonable information or upon view of a violation of the chapter relating to juvenile courts, and may call upon sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, police officers and other officers to give them assistance.

I believe by virtue of their appointment and their duties as outlined above, that probation officers come within the meaning of "specially appointed police officers" as used in Section 12819, of the General Code. A similar question was presented to the Attorney General in 1913. The then attorney general held that under the provisions of Section 12819, General Code, probation officers are specially appointed officers of the juvenile court, and when they give the bond required by law they may carry concealed weapons in the discharge of their duties. This opinion is published in the Opinions of the Attorney General, 1913, page 1067.

I fully agree with the discussion and the conclusion reached by my predecessor, and in specific answer to your question I am of the opinion that probation officers appointed by a judge of the juvenile court authorized to appoint probation officers, may go armed, upon giving a bond as provided by Section 12819, of the General Code.

Respectfully,

GILBERT BETTMAN,
Attorney General.

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APPROVAL, BOND FOR THE FAITHFUL PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTIES AS EXAMINER—STERRY J. STORER.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, June 11, 1929.

HON. JOHN W. PRUGH, *Superintendent of Building and Loan Associations, Columbus, Ohio.*

DEAR SIR:—You have submitted a bond to cover the faithful performance of the duties of Sterry J. Storer as examiner in the division of building and loan associations.

Said appointment is made and bond executed in pursuance of the provisions of Section 667 of the General Code.

Finding said bond in proper legal form, I have endorsed thereon my approval as to form and return the same herewith.

Respectfully,

GILBERT BETTMAN,
Attorney General.