

ture, possession or sale of intoxicating liquor for beverage purposes and the keeping of a place therein where intoxicating liquors are manufactured, sold, furnished, etc., for beverage purposes."

The ordinance in question would be a police regulation which would not be in conflict, but would be in entire harmony with the laws of the state.

It is my opinion, therefore, that a municipal corporation may enact and enforce an ordinance providing for the seizure and sale of conveyances used in transporting intoxicating liquor, providing the provisions of said ordinance are not in conflict or inconsistent with the general laws of the state.

Respectfully,
EDWARD C. TURNER,
Attorney General.

16.

OFFICES COMPATIBLE—MEMBER OF COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
AND VILLAGE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

SYLLABUS:

The office of member of a county board of education may be held by a member of a village board of education.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, January 21, 1927.

HON. FRANK E. SLABAUGH, *Prosecuting Attorney, Newark, Ohio.*

DEAR SIR:—I have your communication in which you inquire whether or not a member of a county board of education may at the same time be a member of the village board of education of the village in which he resides.

It is provided by General Code Section 4728 that:

"Each county school district shall be under the supervision and control of a county board of education composed of five members, who shall be electors residing in the territory composing the county school district and who may or may not be members of local boards of education."

By reason of the provisions of this statute, it is my opinion that one person may hold the office of member of the county board of education and at the same time be a member of the village board of education, providing he is an elector residing in the territory comprising the county school district.

Respectfully,
EDWARD C. TURNER,
Attorney General.