

person shall use, sell, purchase, or prescribe alcoholic liquids unless he has first complied with the provisions of the national prohibition act relative to obtaining a permit, and this permit or a copy thereof is required to be filed with the prohibition commissioner of Ohio. It follows that a physician in prescribing the liquors referred to in section 6212-15a G. C. must comply with the provisions of the related sections of the Ohio act and also with the requirements of the federal act.

In view of the foregoing you are specifically advised as follows:

(1) Under the provisions of section 6212-15a G. C. a physician duly qualified as such under the national prohibition act, may within the limitations of the federal and state prohibition laws prescribe alcoholic medicinal preparations listed in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary when held by the prohibition commissioner to be fit for beverage purposes.

(2) Druggists who have properly qualified to use and dispense intoxicating liquors under the national prohibition act may within the limitations of the national and state prohibition acts use and dispense alcoholic medicinal preparations listed in the National Formulary when held by the prohibition commissioner to be fit for beverage purposes.

(3) Sherry wine is an alcoholic compound listed in the United States Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary as a medicinal preparation, and has been held by the prohibition commissioner to be fit for beverage purposes.

Respectfully,

JOHN G. PRICE,

Attorney-General.

2462.

APPROVAL, FINAL RESOLUTIONS, ROAD IMPROVEMENTS, ALLEN,
CLARK AND PERRY COUNTIES, OHIO.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 11, 1921.

Department of Highways and Public Works, Division of Highways, Columbus, Ohio.

2463.

APPROVAL, BONDS OF ELYRIA TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT,
LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO, IN AMOUNT OF \$6,000.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 13, 1921.

Department of Industrial Relations, Industrial Commission of Ohio, Columbus, Ohio.