LORAIN COUNTY COURT OF COMMON PLEAS LORAIN COUNTY, OHIO

## **TOM ORLANDO, Clerk** JOURNAL ENTRY James L. Miraldi, Judge

Date 04/24/15	Case No. <u>14CV184471</u>
CHRISTY JACKSON	PRO SE
Plaintiff	Plaintiff's
VS	Attorney
OHIO DEPARTMENT OF JOB & FAMILY SERVICES	LAURENCE R SNYDER
Defendant	Defendant's (216)787-3093

Attorney

The Decision of the Unemployment Compensation Board of Review is affirmed. Costs to appellant.

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James L Miraldi, Judge

To The Clerk: THIS IS A FINAL APPEALABLE ORDER Please serve upon all parties not in default for failure to appear; Notice of the Judgment and it's date of entry upon the Journal

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CHRISTY JACKSON Plaintiff VS	PRO SE Plaintiff's Attorney
OHIO DEPARTMENT OF JOB & FAMILY SERVICES	LAURENCE R SNYDER
Defendant	Defendant's (216)787-3093 Attorney

This matter came before the court upon Plaintiff/Appellant Christy Jackson's appeal of the Unemployment Compensation Board of Review's decision that claimant was discharged for just cause in connection with work.

A reviewing court may reverse the Review Board's determination only if it is "unlawful, unreasonable, or against the manifest weight of the evidence." R.C. 4141.28(N)(1). A reviewing court must determine if the evidence in the record supports the board's decision. Tzangas, Plakas & Manos v. Ohio Bur. Of Emp. Serv., 73 Ohio St. 3d 694(1995).

The hearing officer determined that Ms. Jackson was a nurse and worked in an assisted living/nursing home facility. At the time of her termination, she was a unit manager. She had received a prior written warning concerning the incorrect transcription of a doctor's order for Coumadin and failed to correctly do an audit for a patient that received injections resulting in that patient received two injections within days of each other instead of within two months. This was considered a critical offense under their progressive discipline. Her employment was terminated at this point. The hearing officer further determined that Ms. Jackson was terminated because she violated a known critical offense policy when she failed to perform a medication audit, resulting in harm to the patient and that this was sufficient justification to terminate her employment. While Ms. Jackson disputes these findings, it is the finding of this Court that the decision of the Board of Review is not unlawful, unreasonable, or against the manifest weight of the evidence. Further, there is evidence in the record to support that decision.

The Decision of the Unemployment Compensation Board of Review is affirmed. Costs to appellant.

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James L Miraldi. Judge